



LC10-1-D 24 VAC

Loop detector 24 V

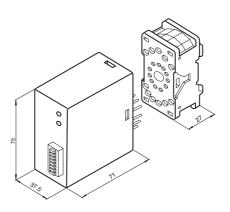
Features

- Sensor system for vehicle detection
- Complete control interface for inductive loops laid beneath the surface
- Reliable detection with long service
 life.
- Various operating modes available
- Boost function for increasing sensitivity
- Test function
- Version with 1 loop channel

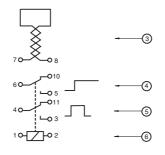
Product information

Together with the inductive loops laid beneath the surface, the loop detectors form a universal sensor system for detecting vehicles. Vehicles that enter the inductive loop change the resonant frequency. The microprocessor in the loop detector measures and analyzes this frequency change. The analysis is automatically and periodically adjusted to the respective loop, ensuring that any changes in the loop inductance caused by temperature, humidity, or component age are automatically compensated for.

Dimensions

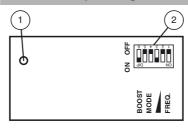


Electrical connection



Number	Explanation	Connector
		terminals
3	Loop connection 7/8	
4	Signal output,	5/6 = NO
	maintained contact	6/10 = NC
5	Signal output,	3/4 = NO
	pulse contact	4/11 = NC
6	Operating voltage 1/2	

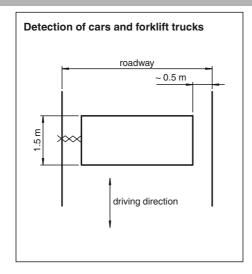
Indicators/operating means

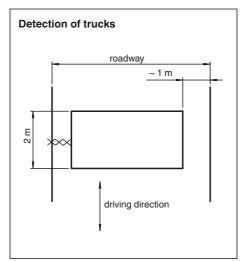


1	LED display
2	DIP switch

Technical data General specifications Marking CE Operating mode Pulsed and continuous signal Functional safety related parameters MTTF_d 306 a Mission Time (T_M) Indicators/operating means Control elements DIP-switch Switching state **Electrical specifications** 24 V AC (galvanically isolated from loop) Operating voltage U_B Ripple -15 %/+10 % Power consumption P_0 1.6 VA Calibration time 2 s Loop inductivity $100 ... \, 1000 \, \mu H$ 20 ... 120 kHz Loop frequency Input Number of channels Output Output type relav Switching voltage 250 V AC Switching current 6 A Pulse length period or 800 ms Pulse Response time 100 ms **Ambient conditions** Ambient temperature -20 ... 70 °C (-4 ... 158 °F) Storage temperature -40 ... 70 °C (-40 ... 158 °F) **Mechanical specifications** Degree of protection Connection Plug socket; 11-pin Terminal connection ≤ 1.5 mm²

Curves/Diagrams

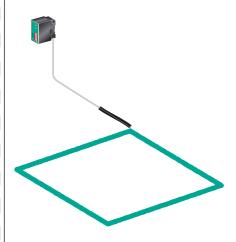


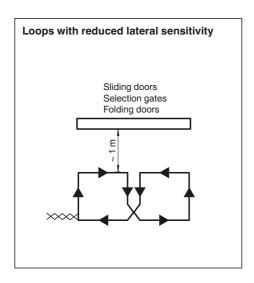


Typical applications

- Selective vehicle detection
- Opening impulse sensor for automatic gates and barrier systems
- Presence checks for vehicles
- Controlling traffic light and vehicle detection systems
- Ticket detection in parking garages
- Managing tasks in automatic conveyor systems

Detection area





Functional principle

The loop detectors are control units that are fully functional without the need for any other auxiliary equipment once the power supply and an inductive loop have been connected. The inductive loop laid below the surface forms the inductor of a high-frequency oscillating circuit. The metal parts of a vehicle that enters or is located in this wired loop cause the frequency of the oscillation circuit to change. This frequency change is analyzed by the loop detector, and the outputs, which are zero-potential relay contacts, can switch. The switching outputs are relay contacts with a high switching power that can directly control contactors, valves and alternating current motors.

The dimensions of the detection area can be adjusted by changing the size and shape of the inductive loops.

Settings:

Sensitivity:

The response sensitivity of the loop detector can be set in three stages by switches 3 and 4.

Switch 3	Switch 4	Sensitivity
OFF	ON	low
ON	OFF	medium
ON	ON	high

In the switch position "OFF", "OFF" the loop evaluation is switched off.

Frequency switches:

The loop frequency can be set in four stages using the switches 1 and 2.

Switch 1	Switch 2	Frequency
OFF	OFF	Basic frequency f
ON	OFF	f - 10 %

Switch 1	Switch 2	Frequency
OFF	ON	f - 15 %
ON	ON	f - 20 %

After actuation of the frequency switches 1 and 2 the loop must be readjusted with switches 3 and 4 set to "OFF", "OFF".

Operating mode switches:

The following operating modes can be set with switches 5 and 6:

Switch 5	Switch 6	Result
OFF	-	Pulse (0.8 s) when loop is allocated
ON	-	Pulse (0.8 s) when loop is abandoned
-	ON	Increased sensitivity (Boost)

The increased sensitivity (Boost) is used for the detection of vehicles with high body assemblies, e.g. HGVs.

Automatic adjustment:

When the operating voltage is applied to the device automatic adjustment with the loop takes place. The output relays are switched in the switch position "Loop not allocated". The adjustment takes 2 s, the device is then ready for operation.

Automatic adjustment also takes place when both sensitivity switches 3 and 4 are set to "OFF" and then set to another switch position.

Indications:

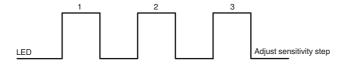
LED signals the allocation state of the loop (Loop allocated = LED On). A fault in the loop due to a short-circuit or lead breakage and loop inductance outside the permissible range is indicated by flashing of LED.

Test function:

The loop detector is provided with an integrated test function, which enables the loop frequency and sensitivity to be optimally set without additional devices or instrumentation.

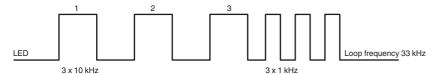
Indication of the recommended sensitivity:

The vehicle must be driven onto the loop. The loop detector measures and stores the frequency change. When switches 3 and 4 are changed over the recommended sensitivity is indicated by flashing of the LED.



Measurement of the loop frequency:

The loop frequency can be measured via the LED. Set switches 3 and 4 from "OFF" to "ON". The LED indicates the loop frequency via a signal sequence:



Loop fault:

In the event of lead breakage or short-circuit the LED flashes continuously and the switch contact reverts to the "Loop allocated" state.

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