

## Datasheet

The Sure Cross® wireless system is a radio frequency network with integrated I/O that operates in most environments to eliminate the need for wiring runs.



- Wireless industrial I/O device with two selectable discrete inputs, two NMOS discrete outputs, and two thermistor inputs when configured for discrete mode; two selectable discrete inputs, two NMOS discrete outputs, two analog inputs, and two thermistor inputs when configured for analog mode; switch power outputs in each mode
- Selectable transmit power levels of 250 mW or 1 Watt for 900 MHz models and 65 mW for 2.4 GHz models
- *FlexPower®* power options allow for 10 V DC to 30 V DC, solar, and battery power sources for low power applications.
- DIP switches for user configuration
- Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) technology ensures reliable data delivery
- Transceivers provide bidirectional communication between the Gateway and Node, including fully acknowledged data transmission
- Lost RF links are detected and relevant outputs set to user-defined conditions

## Models

Model	Freq.	Power	Housing	Inputs and Outputs	
DX80N9X2S-P1	900 MHz ISM Band	10 V DC to 30 V DC or battery supply module	IEC IP67; NEMA 6	<b>Discrete Mode</b> <b>Inputs:</b> Two selectable discrete and two thermistor <b>Outputs:</b> Two NMOS/sinking discrete <b>Switch Power:</b> Two	<b>Analog Mode</b> <b>Inputs:</b> Two selectable discrete, two analog (0–20 mA or 0–10 V), and two thermistor <b>Outputs:</b> Two NMOS/sinking discrete <b>Switch Power:</b> One <sup>1</sup>
DX80N9X1S-P1E		10 V DC to 30 V DC or integrated battery	IP65, NEMA 4X		
DX80N2X2S-P1	2.4 GHz ISM Band	10 V DC to 30 V DC or battery supply module	IEC IP67; NEMA 6		
DX80N2X1S-P1E		10 V DC to 30 V DC or integrated battery	IP65, NEMA 4X		



DX80...C (IP20; NEMA 1) models are also available. To order this model with an IP20 housing, add a C to the end of the model number: DX80N9X2S-P1C.

To order an integrated battery model without the battery, add a **-NB** to the model number. If you purchase a model without the battery, Banner Engineering recommends lithium D cell battery **BWA-BATT-001**.

## Storage and Sleep Modes

**Storage Mode** (applies to battery-powered models only)—While in **storage mode**, the radio does not operate. To put any integrated battery Sure Cross® radio into storage mode, press and hold button 1 for five seconds. To wake the device, press and hold button 1 for five seconds. The radio is in storage mode when the LEDs stop blinking, but in some models, the LCD remains on for an additional minute after the radio enters storage mode. After a device has entered storage mode, you must wait one minute before waking it.

**Sleep Mode** (applies to both battery and 10–30 V DC powered models)—During normal operation, the Sure Cross radio devices enter **sleep mode** after 15 minutes of operation. The radio continues to function, but the LCD goes blank. To wake the device, press any button.

## Configuration Instructions

### Setting Up Your Wireless Network

To set up and install your wireless network, follow these steps.

For complete instructions, including binding, configuration, installation, weatherproofing, device menu maps, troubleshooting, and a list of accessories, refer to Sure Cross® Wireless I/O Network Instruction Manual (p/n [132607](#))

1. Disconnect the power from your Sure Cross devices.
2. Configure the DIP switches of all devices. DIP switch configurations are always listed in the product's datasheet.
3. If your device has I/O, connect the sensors to the Sure Cross devices. Available I/O is always listed in the product's datasheet. If your device does not have I/O, skip this step.
4. Refer to the wiring diagrams to apply power to all devices.
  - For housed models, the Gateway's LED 1 is solid green and the Node's LED 2 flashes red to indicate there is no radio link to the Gateway.
  - For board-level models, the Gateway's LED is solid green and the Node's LED flashes red to indicate there is no radio link to the Gateway.

<sup>1</sup> This model can be configured to supply continuous power. For more information and detailed instructions, refer to the technical note "[Configuring for Continuous Switch Power or Host Controlled Switch Power](#)," part number b\_3099584.



5. Form the wireless network by binding the Nodes to the Gateway.
6. Observe the LED behavior to verify the devices are communicating with each other.
  - For housed models, the Gateway's LED 1 is solid green and the Node's LED 1 flashes green to indicate it is communicating with the Gateway.
  - For board-level models, the Gateway's LED is solid green and the Node's LED flashes green to indicate it is communicating with the Gateway.
7. Configure any I/O points to use the sensors connected to the Sure Cross devices.
8. Conduct a site survey between the Gateway and Nodes.
9. Install your wireless sensor network components.

## Configure the DIP Switches

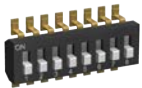
Before changing DIP switch positions, disconnect the power. Any changes made to the DIP switches are not recognized until after power is cycled to the device.

For devices powered by batteries integrated into the housing, triple-click button 2, then double-click button 2 to reset the device without removing the battery.

For parameters not set using the DIP switches, use the configuration software to make configuration changes. For parameters set using the DIP switches, the DIP switch positions override any changes made using the configuration software.

### Access the Internal DIP Switches

Follow these steps to access the internal DIP switches.



1. Unscrew the four screws that mount the cover to the bottom housing.
2. Remove the cover from the housing without damaging the ribbon cable or the pins the cable plugs into.
3. Gently unplug the ribbon cable from the board mounted into the bottom housing. Skip this step if there is no ribbon cable (integrated battery models) or the ribbon cable is glued down (C housing models).
4. Remove the black cover plate from the bottom of the device's cover. The DIP switches are located behind the rotary dials.
5. Make the necessary changes to the DIP switches.
6. Place the black cover plate back into position and gently push into place.
7. If necessary, plug the ribbon cable in after verifying that the blocked hole lines up with the missing pin.
8. Mount the cover back onto the housing.

### DIP Switch Settings

Device Settings	Switches	
	1	2
Transmit power level: 1 Watt (30 dBm)	OFF*	
Transmit power level: 250 mW (24 dBm), DX80 compatibility mode	ON	
Analog configuration		OFF*
Discrete configuration		ON

\* Default configuration

#### Analog or Discrete Configuration

Select between an analog configuration or a discrete configuration using the DIP switch specified in the table. The default switch settings for this device are all in the OFF position.

#### Transmit Power Levels

The 900 MHz radios transmit at 1 Watt (30 dBm) or 250 mW (24 dBm). The 250 mW mode reduces the radio's range but improves the battery life in short range applications. For 2.4 GHz models, this DIP switch is disabled. The transmit power for 2.4 GHz is fixed at about 65 mW EIRP (18 dBm).

#### DIP Switch Settings for Analog Configuration (Switch 2 OFF)

Select between an analog configuration or a discrete configuration using DIP switch 2.

For analog configuration, DIP switch 2 is in the OFF position (factory default). Analog configuration has analog IN 1 linked to switch power 1 (SP1) and is programmable using switches four through eight. Sample and report rates for analog input 2 (not available in the integrated battery model) are listed in the specifications. Discrete inputs 1 and 2 are also active in this configuration and the input types are defined using switch 3. Two sinking discrete outputs are active for this configuration.

Analog Configuration, Switch 2 OFF	DIP Switches					
	3	4	5	6	7	8
Discrete Sinking (NPN)	OFF*					
Discrete Sourcing (PNP)	ON					
Boost Voltage: 10V (to Analog IN 1)		OFF*				
Boost Voltage: 15V (to Analog IN 1)		ON				
Warm-up Time 10 milliseconds			OFF*			

Analog Configuration, Switch 2 OFF	DIP Switches					
Descriptions	3	4	5	6	7	8
Warm-up Time 500 milliseconds			ON			
Sample/Report Rate 1 second				OFF	OFF	OFF
Sample/Report Rate 2 seconds				OFF	OFF	ON
Sample/Report Rate 4 seconds				OFF	ON	OFF
Sample/Report Rate 16 seconds				OFF	ON	ON
Sample/Report Rate 64 seconds				ON	OFF	OFF
Sample/Report Rate 5 minutes				ON	OFF	ON
Modbus or UCT configured (overrides DIP switches)				ON	ON	OFF
Sample/Report Rate 15 minutes				ON	ON	ON

Analog IN 2 (not available in integrated battery model), Discrete 1, and Discrete 2 are not powered from switched power terminals. In this configuration, SP2 is disabled. If you need SP2, contact the factory.

#### DIP Switch Settings for Discrete Configuration (DIP Switch 2 ON)

The discrete configuration matches the switch power outputs (SP1, SP2) with the discrete inputs. The discrete configuration is selected when switch 2 is in the ON position. Two sinking discrete outputs are active for this configuration.

Discrete Configuration, Switch 2 ON	DIP Switches					
Descriptions	3	4	5	6	7	8
Discrete Sinking (NPN)	OFF*					
Discrete Sourcing (PNP)	ON					
Boost Voltage: 5V		OFF*				
Boost Voltage: 10V		ON				
Warm-up Time 4 milliseconds			OFF*			
Warm-up Time 10 milliseconds			ON			
Sample/Report Rate 62.5 milliseconds				OFF	OFF	OFF
Sample/Report Rate 125 milliseconds				OFF	OFF	ON
Sample/Report Rate 250 milliseconds				OFF	ON	OFF
Sample/Report Rate 500 milliseconds				OFF	ON	ON
Sample/Report Rate 1 second				ON	OFF	OFF
Sample/Report Rate 2 seconds				ON	OFF	ON
Modbus or UCT configured (overrides DIP switches)				ON	ON	OFF
Sample/Report Rate 16 seconds				ON	ON	ON

Discrete IN 1 uses switched power 1 (SP1). Discrete IN 2 uses switched power 2 (SP2).

#### Sensor Switched Power Voltage

The sensor switched power voltage is the power supplied by the Node to the sensor.

#### Discrete Input Type

Select the type of discrete input sensors to use with this device: sourcing (PNP) sensors or sinking (NPN) sensors.

#### Modbus/Software or DIP Switch Configured

In Modbus/Software Configured mode, use the DX80 Performance Configuration Software or a Modbus command to change the device parameters. DIP switch positions 3 through 8 are ignored. In DIP Switch Configured mode, use the DIP switches to configure the parameters listed in the table.

#### Sample and Report Rates

The sample interval, or rate, defines how often the Sure Cross device samples the input. For battery-powered applications, setting a slower rate extends the battery life.

The report rate defines how often the Node communicates the I/O status to the Gateway. For battery-powered applications, setting the report rate to a slower rate extends the battery life.

#### Warm-Up Time

The warm-up time defines how long the device must power up the sensor before a stable sensor reading is taken.

#### Mixing Performance and Non-Performance (150 mW) Radios in the Same Network

To comply with federal regulations, the 150 mW radios and 1 Watt radios communicate differently. All Performance models offer the ability to select between 250 mW and 1 Watt operation using the DIP switches.

To mix Performance radios with non-Performance radios, refer to the product datasheet and:

- Operate Performance radios in 250 mW mode, not 1 Watt mode
- Set non-Performance (150 mW) radios to use Extended Address Mode

The 150 mW, 250 mW, and 1 Watt networks operate when collocated, but verify the antenna separation distance between a Gateway and Node or between two Gateways is at least 10 feet apart. For more detailed instructions about setting up your wireless network, refer to the following documents:

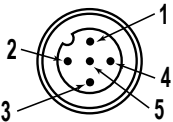
- DX80 Performance Quick Start Guide (p/n [128185](#))
- DX80 Performance Wireless I/O Network Instruction Manual (p/n [132607](#))

## Wire Your Sure Cross® Device

Use the following wiring diagrams to first wire the sensors and then apply power to the Sure Cross devices.

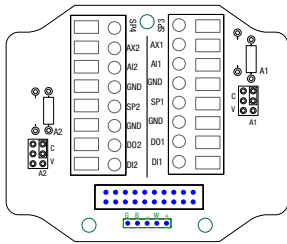
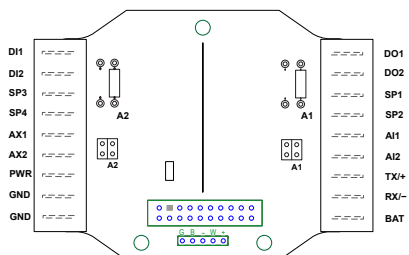
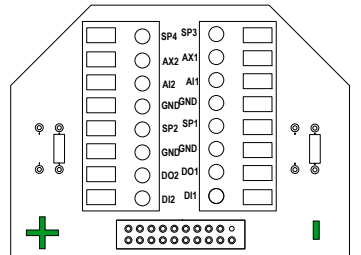
### Apply Power to the Node

Integral 5-pin M12 male quick-disconnect connector wiring depends on the model and power requirements of the device. Not all models can be powered by 10 to 30 V DC and not all models can be powered by 3.6 to 5.5 V DC. Refer to [Specifications](#) on page 8 to verify the power requirements of your device. For *FlexPower* devices, do not apply more than 5.5 V to the gray wire.

5-pin M12 (male) Quick Disconnect Connector	Pin	Wire Color	Nodes Powered by 10 to 30 V DC	Nodes Powered by Battery or Battery Pack
	1	Brown	10 to 30 V DC	
	2	White		
	3	Blue	DC common (GND)	DC common (GND)
	4	Black		
	5	Gray		3.6 to 5.5 V DC

### Wiring Boards

These are the wiring board for the DX80\*\*M6S-P1, -P1C, and -P1E models. Refer to the Class I Division 2/Zone 2 control drawings (p/n [143086](#)) for wiring specifications and limitations.

P1 Models	P1C Models	P1E Models
		
<p>AIx or Ax. Analog IN x                      AX1. Thermistor                      AX2. Thermistor                      AOx. Analog OUT x                      B+. 3.6 V DC to 5.5 V DC (use for battery powered models only)</p>	<p>DIx. Discrete IN x                      DOx. Discrete OUT x                      GND. Ground/DC common connection                      SPx. Switch Power; provides variable power sources for external devices</p>	<p>PWR. 10 V DC to 30 V DC power connection                      RX/-. Serial communication line for the Gateway. No connection for Nodes                      TX/+. Serial communication line for the Gateway; no connection for Nodes</p>

### DX80...C Wiring


Wiring power to the DX80...C models varies depending the power requirements of the model. Connecting DC power to the communication pins (Tx/Rx) causes permanent damage. For *FlexPower* devices, do not apply more than 5.5 V to the B+ terminal.

Table 1: Wiring for the C housing models

Terminal Label	Gateway and DX85	10 V DC to 30 V DC Powered Nodes	Battery-Powered Nodes
V+	10 V DC to 30 V DC	10 V DC to 30 V DC	
Tx/+	RS485 / D1 / B / +		
V-	DC common (GND)	DC common (GND)	DC common (GND)
Rx/-	RS485 / D0 / A / -		
B+			3.6 V DC to 5.5 V DC

### Apply Power to the DX80...E Radios

Connecting power to the communication pins will cause permanent damage. The integrated battery DX80...E radios may also be powered by 10 V DC to 30 V DC. The power for the sensors can be supplied by the radio's SPx terminals or from the 10 V DC to 30 V DC used to power the radio. The BAT connection is a low voltage connection to the internal battery. Remove the internal battery if a low voltage source is connected to the BAT terminal. When powering the device from the integrated battery, the BAT connection must remain open.

	Integrated battery (RS-485) for P1E, M-H1E, M-H12E, and P16E Models	Integrated battery (RS-232) for P3E, P4E, M-H3E, and M-H4E Models
	<p>1. 10 V DC to 30 V DC (optional)</p> <p>2. RS-485 / D1 / B / +</p> <p>3. DC common (GND)</p> <p>4. RS-485 / D0 / A / -</p>	<p>1. 10 V DC to 30 V DC (optional)</p> <p>2. RS-232 Tx</p> <p>3. DC common (GND)</p> <p>4. RS-232 Rx</p>

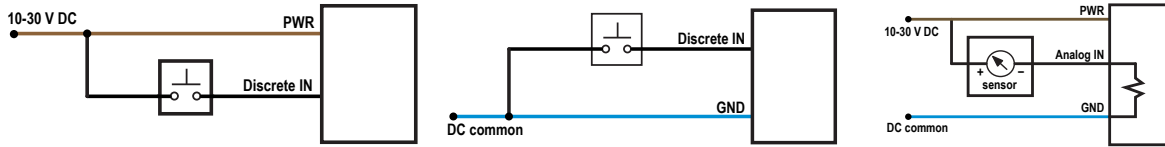
### Wiring Diagrams

Connecting power to the communication pins will cause permanent damage. Do not exceed analog input ratings for analog inputs. Only connect sensor outputs to analog inputs.

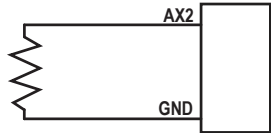
Discrete Input Wiring for PNP Sensors

Discrete Input Wiring for NPN Sensors

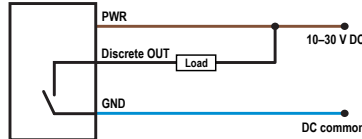
Analog Input Wiring (10–30 V DC Power)



Thermistor Input Wiring



Discrete Output Wiring (NPN or NMOS)

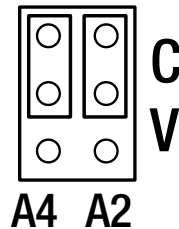


To power the sensor using the switch power output (SPx), replace the PWR with SPx in these wiring diagrams.

Use AX1 or AX2 for the thermistor input wiring.

Configure the Universal Analog I/O by Setting Jumpers

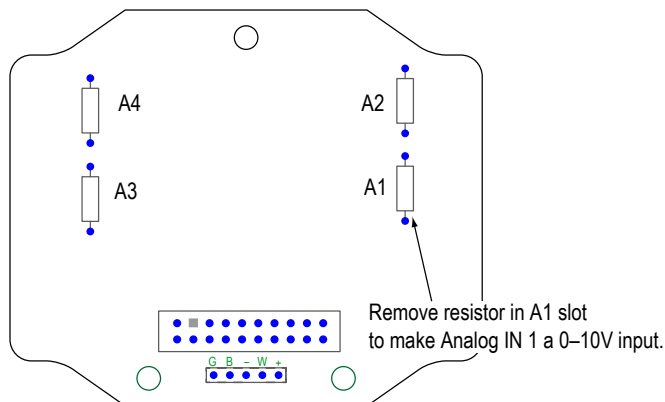
For models with universal analog configuration jumpers, by default, the analog input jumpers are set to use current (0–20 mA). To use the voltage (0–10 V) analog input, follow these steps.



1. Disconnect the power from the device.
2. Open the housing and access the wiring board.
3. Move the jumper for the desired analog input (shown are analog 2 and analog 4) from the C position (shown) to the V position. For the board models with two pins instead of three, remove the jumper to select 0–10 V configuration.
4. Close the housing and reconnect the power.
5. With the Gateway connected to your computer, launch the DX80 Performance Configuration Software.
6. From the **Device > Configuration Settings** menu, select **Comm Port** and click **Connect**.
7. Go to the **Configuration > Device Configuration** screen.
8. Click the arrow next to the Node number to view its parameters.
9. Click **GET Node**.
10. From the **Units** drop-down list, select 0–10V.
11. Click **SEND** to send the changes to this Node's configuration back to the Gateway.

Configure the Universal Analog I/O by Cutting Resistors

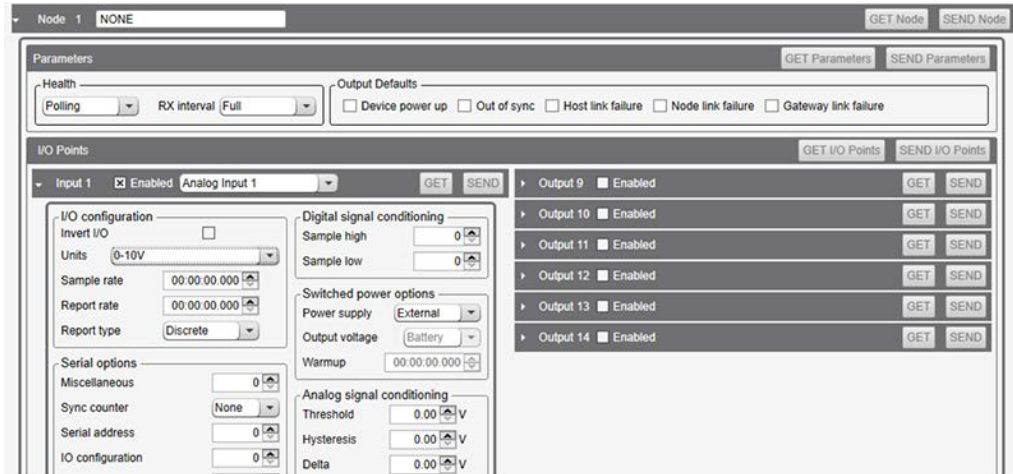
For models without the analog configuration jumpers, you must remove the installed resistors to configure inputs to use 0 to 10 V instead of 0 to 20 mA. For example, to make analog input 1 a 0 to 10 V input, follow these instructions.



Note that a 220 ohm 0.1% resistor must be installed for a 0 to 20 mA input. Remove the resistor to configure the input as a 0 to 10 V input.

1. Cut out the resistor installed in the A1 (analog 1) slot.

- Your wiring board may differ slightly from the board shown. Use the board's labels to confirm you have selected the correct resistor to cut.
- Launch the DX80 Performance Configuration Software.
  - After connecting to your network, go to the **Configuration > Device Configuration** screen.
  - Click on the arrow next to your device. For this example, we're using Node 1.  
The inputs and outputs for Node 1 display.
  - Click **GET Node** to download the existing configuration for your Node.  
The existing configuration for your Node is downloaded and loaded into the software.
  - For the input or output you are configuring, click on the arrow next to the I/O point. For this example, we're configuring Input 1.



The I/O point's parameters display.

- Verify the I/O point is enabled, then from the Units drop-down list, select 0-10V.
- Click **SEND Node** for the Node you configured.  
The configuration changes are uploaded back to your network.

### LED Behavior for the Gateways

Verify all devices are communicating properly. The radios and antennas must be a minimum distance apart to function properly. Recommended minimum distances are:

- 900 MHz 150 mW and 250 mW radios: 6 feet
- 900 MHz 1 Watt radios: 15 feet
- 2.4 GHz 65 mW radios: 1 foot

Table 2: LEC behavior for the Gateway

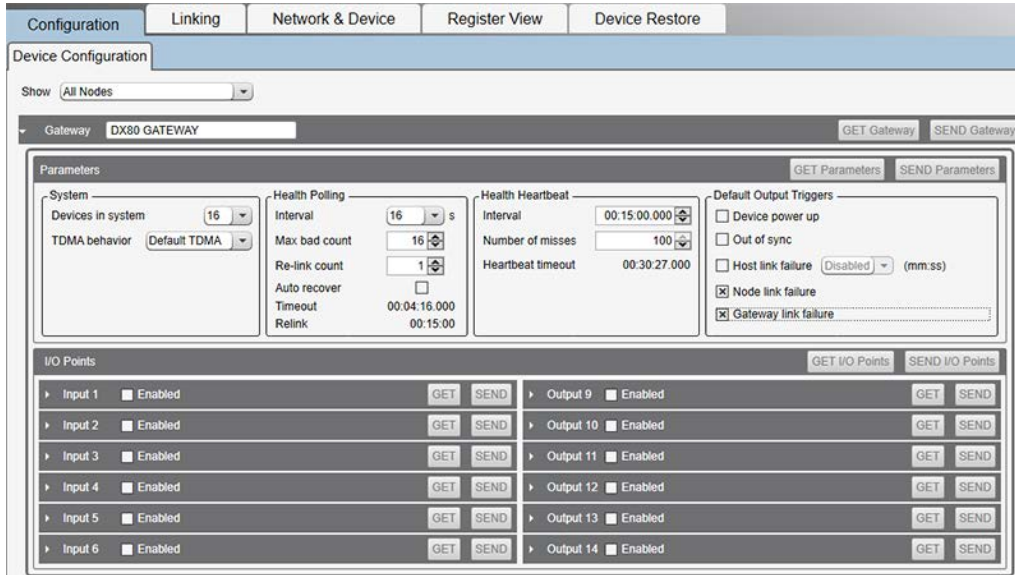
LED 1	LED 2	Gateway Status
Solid green		Power ON
Flashing red	Flashing red	Device Error
	Flashing amber	Modbus Communication Active
	Flashing red	Modbus Communication Error

For Gateway and Ethernet Bridge systems, active Modbus communication refers to the communication between the Gateway and the Ethernet Bridge. For GatewayPro systems, the Modbus communication LEDs refer to the communication internal to the GatewayPro. For Gateway-only systems, the Modbus communication LEDs refer to the communication between the Gateway and its host system (if applicable).

## Sure Cross® DX80 Performance Configuration Software

The configuration software offers an easy way to link I/O points in your wireless network, view I/O register values, and set system communication parameters when a host system is not part of the wireless network. The software runs on any computer with the Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, or Windows 10 operating system.

Figure 1. Device Configuration screen



Use a USB to RS-485 adapter cable to connect a standalone DX80 Gateway to the computer. For DXM Controllers with an internal DX80 radio, connect a computer to the DXM Controller using the supplied USB or Ethernet connection. Download the most recent revisions of the configuration software from Banner Engineering's website: <https://www.bannerengineering.com/us/en/products/wireless-sensor-networks/reference-library/software.html>.

The USB to RS-485 adapter cable is not required for the DXM Controller. For standalone DX80 Gateway devices use:

- USB to RS-485 adapter cable model **BWA-UCT-900** for 1 Watt radios
- USB to RS-485 adapter cable model **BWA-HW-006** for all other radios

## Installing Your Sure Cross® Radios

Please refer to one of these instruction manuals to install your wireless network components.

- Performance Wireless I/O Network Instruction Manual: [132607](#)
- MultiHop Data Radio Instruction Manual: [151317](#)

## Holding Registers

The temperature = (Modbus register value) ÷ 20. Temperature values are stored as signed values in the Modbus register. A 0 in the register is interpreted as 0°; and -32767 (65535 unsigned) in the register (0xFFFF) is interpreted as -1 ÷ 20 = -0.05° in high resolution mode and -1 ÷ 2 = -0.5° in low resolution mode.

Modbus Registers		EIP Registers		I/O Type	I/O Range		Holding Register Representation (Dec.)		Terminal Labels
Gateway	Node	Node	Node		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
1	1 + (Node# × 16)	0 + (Node# × 8)	Instance 100 / N7	Discrete IN 1	0	1	0	1	DI1
2	2 + (Node# × 16)	1 + (Node# × 8)		Discrete IN 2	0	1	0	1	DI2
3	3 + (Node# × 16)	2 + (Node# × 8)		Analog IN 1 (mA or V)	0.0	20.0 / 10.0	0	65535	AI1
4	4 + (Node# × 16)	3 + (Node# × 8)		Analog IN 2 (mA or V)					
5	5 + (Node# × 16)	4 + (Node# × 8)		Thermistor IN 1 (°F/°C)	-1638.3	+1638.4	-32768	32767	AX1
6	6 + (Node# × 16)	5 + (Node# × 8)		Thermistor IN 2 (°F/°C)					
7	7 + (Node# × 16)	6 + (Node# × 8)		Reserved					
8	8 + (Node# × 16)	7 + (Node# × 8)		Device Message					
9	9 + (Node# × 16)	0 + (Node# × 8)	Instance 112 / N14	Discrete OUT 1	0	1	0	1	DO1
10	10 + (Node# × 16)	1 + (Node# × 8)		Discrete OUT 2	0	1	0	1	DO2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	15 + (Node# × 16)	6 + (Node# × 8)	Control Message						
16	16 + (Node# × 16)	7 + (Node# × 8)	Reserved						

## Install or Replace the Battery on a DX80E Model

To replace the lithium "D" cell battery or batteries in any DX80E model, follow these steps.

1. Remove the four screws mounting the face plate to the housing and remove the face plate. If there is a radio cover on the faceplate, do not remove the radio cover from the face plate.
2. If applicable, remove the discharged battery or batteries.
3. Install the new battery or batteries.
4. Verify the positive and negative terminals align to the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder mounted within the case.

- Allow up to 60 seconds for the device to power up.
- Properly dispose of used batteries according to local regulations by taking it to a hazardous waste collection site, an e-waste disposal center, or other facility qualified to accept lithium batteries.



**CAUTION:** There is a risk of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly.

For outside or high humidity environments, dielectric grease may be applied to the battery terminals to prevent moisture and corrosion buildup.

As with all batteries, these are a fire, explosion, and severe burn hazard. Do not burn or expose them to high temperatures. Do not recharge, crush, disassemble, or expose the contents to water.

For non-hazardous locations, the replacement battery is model **BWA-BATT-011**. For non-hazardous or hazardous locations, the replacement battery is Xeno model XL-205F, Banner model **BWA-BATT-001**. For pricing and availability, contact Banner Engineering.

## Specifications

### Performance Radio Specifications

#### Radio Range<sup>2</sup>

900 MHz, 1 Watt: Up to 9.6 km (6 miles)  
2.4 GHz, 65 mW: Up to 3.2 km (2 miles)

#### Antenna Minimum Separation Distance

900 MHz, 1 Watt: 4.57 m (15 ft)  
2.4 GHz, 65 mW: 0.3 m (1 ft)

#### Radio Transmit Power

900 MHz, 1 Watt: 30 dBm (1 W) conducted (up to 36 dBm EIRP)  
2.4 GHz, 65 mW: 18 dBm (65 mW) conducted, less than or equal to 20 dBm (100 mW) EIRP

#### Spread Spectrum Technology

FHSS (Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum)

#### Link Timeout (Performance)

Gateway: Configurable via User Configuration Software  
Node: Defined by Gateway

#### Antenna Connection

Ext. Reverse Polarity SMA, 50 Ohms  
Max Tightening Torque: 0.45 N·m (4 lbf·in)

#### 900 MHz Compliance (1 Watt)

Contains FCC ID: UE3RM1809: FCC Part 15, Subpart C, 15.247  
Contains IC: 7044A-RM1809  
IFT: RCPBARM13-2283



(NOM approval only applies to 900 MHz models)

#### 2.4 GHz Compliance (DX80-2400 Radio Module)

Radio module is indicated by the product label marking  
Contains FCC ID: UE300DX80-2400: FCC Part 15, Subpart C, 15.247  
Radio Equipment Directive (RED) 2014/53/EU  
Contains IC: 7044A-DX8024

ANATEL: 15966-21-04042 Este equipamento não tem direito à proteção contra interferência prejudicial e não pode causar interferência em sistemas devidamente autorizados. Para maiores informações, consulte o site da ANATEL [www.gov.br/anatel/pt-br/](http://www.gov.br/anatel/pt-br/)

#### 2.4 GHz Compliance (SX243 Radio Module)

Radio module is indicated by the product label marking  
Contains FCC ID: UE3SX243: FCC Part 15, Subpart C, 15.247  
Radio Equipment Directive (RED) 2014/53/EU  
Contains IC: 7044A-SX243

### Environmental Specifications

#### Operating Conditions

-40 °C to +85 °C (-40 °F to +185 °F) (Electronics); -20 °C to +80 °C (-4 °F to +176 °F) (LCD)  
95% maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)  
Radiated Immunity: 10 V/m (EN 61000-4-3)

#### Shock and Vibration

All models meet IEC 60068-2-6 and IEC 60068-2-27 testing criteria  
Shock: 30G 11 ms duration, half sine wave per IEC 60068-2-27  
Vibration: 10 Hz to 55 Hz, 0.5 mm peak-to-peak amplitude per IEC 60068-2-6

#### Environmental Ratings

IEC IP67; NEMA 6  
For installation and waterproofing instructions, go to [www.bannerengineering.com](http://www.bannerengineering.com) and search for the complete instruction manual (p/n 132607)

Operating the devices at the maximum operating conditions for extended periods can shorten the life of the device.

### Environmental Specifications for the C Housings

#### Operating Conditions

-40 °C to +85 °C (-40 °F to +185 °F) (Electronics); -20 °C to +80 °C (-4 °F to +176 °F) (LCD)  
95% maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)  
Radiated Immunity: 10 V/m (EN 61000-4-3)

#### Shock and Vibration

All models meet IEC 60068-2-6 and IEC 60068-2-27 testing criteria  
Shock: 30G 11 ms duration, half sine wave per IEC 60068-2-27  
Vibration: 10 Hz to 55 Hz, 0.5 mm peak-to-peak amplitude per IEC 60068-2-6

#### Environmental Ratings

"C" Housing Models/External wiring terminals: IEC IP20; NEMA 1  
Refer to the Sure Cross® DX80 Performance (p/n 132607) or the Sure Cross® MultiHop (p/n 151317) instruction manual for installation and waterproofing instructions.

Operating the devices at the maximum operating conditions for extended periods can shorten the life of the device.

<sup>2</sup> Radio range is with the 2 dB antenna that ships with the product. High-gain antennas are available, but the range depends on the environment and line of sight. Always verify your wireless network's range by performing a Site Survey.



## Environmental Specifications for the E Housing

### Operating Conditions

-40 °C to +85 °C (-40 °F to +185 °F) (Electronics); -20 °C to +80 °C (-4 °F to +176 °F) (LCD)  
 95% maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)  
 Radiated Immunity: 10 V/m (EN 61000-4-3)

### Shock and Vibration

All models meet IEC 60068-2-6 and IEC 60068-2-27 testing criteria  
 Shock: 30G 11 ms duration, half sine wave per IEC 60068-2-27  
 Vibration: 10 Hz to 55 Hz, 0.5 mm peak-to-peak amplitude per IEC 60068-2-6

### Environmental Ratings

IP65  
 Refer to the Sure Cross® DX80 Performance (p/n 132607) or the Sure Cross® MultiHop (p/n 151317) instruction manual for installation and waterproofing instructions.

Operating the devices at the maximum operating conditions for extended periods can shorten the life of the device.

## Specifications for the P1 Node

### Supply Voltage

DX80 and "C" Housing Models: 10 V DC to 30 V DC or 3.6 V DC to 5.5 V DC low power option  
 Outside the USA: 12 V DC to 24 V DC, ±10% or 3.6 V DC to 5.5 V DC low power option<sup>3</sup>  
 "E" Housing Models: 3.6 V DC (internal battery) or 10 V DC to 30 V DC  
 900 MHz Consumption: Maximum current draw is < 40 mA and typical current draw is < 30 mA at 24 V DC. (2.4 GHz consumption is less.)

### Housing

Polycarbonate housing and rotary dial cover; polyester labels; EDPM rubber cover gasket; nitrile rubber, non-sulphur cured button covers  
 Weight: 0.26 kg (0.57 lbs)  
 DX80 and "C" Housing Models: Mounting: #10 or M5 (SS M5 hardware included)  
 "E" Housing Models: Mounting: 1/4-inch or M7 (SS M7 hardware included)  
 Max. Tightening Torque: 0.56 N·m (5 lbf·in)

### Discrete Input

Rating: 3 mA max current at 30 V DC  
 Sample / Report Rates: DIP switch configurable

### Discrete Input ON Condition

PNP: Greater than 8 V  
 NPN: Less than 0.7 V

### Discrete Input OFF Condition

PNP: Less than 5 V  
 NPN: Greater than 2 V or open

### Analog Inputs

Rating in 0–20 mA mode: 24 mA  
 Rating in 0–10 V mode: 10 V  
 Impedance: Approximately 220 Ohms  
 Analog Input 1 Sample/Report Rates: DIP switch configurable  
 Analog Input 2 Sample/Report Rates: 1 second / 16 seconds  
 Accuracy: 0.2% of full scale +0.01% per °C  
 Resolution: 12-bit

### Certifications



**Banner Engineering Europe** Park Lane, Culliganlaan 2F bus 3, 1831 Diegem, BELGIUM (CE/UKCA approval only applies to 2.4 GHz models)



**Turck Banner LTD** Blenheim House, Blenheim Court, Wickford, Essex SS11 8YT, Great Britain

### Current Draw at 24 V DC

Approximately 4 mA

### Current Draw at 3.6 V DC

900 MHz, 1 Watt: Approximately 1 mA  
 900 MHz, 250 mW: Approximately 0.5 mA  
 2.4 GHz, 65 mW: Approximately 0.3 mA

### Interface

Two bi-color LED indicators, Two buttons, Six character LCD

### Wiring Access

DX80 Models: Four PG-7, one 1/2-inch NPT, one 5-pin M12 male quick-disconnect connector

"C" Housing Models: External terminals  
 "E" Housing Models: Two 1/2-inch NPT

### Discrete Output Rating (Performance NMOS)

Less than 1 A max current at 30 V DC  
 ON-State Saturation: Less than 0.7 V at 20 mA

### Discrete Output

Update Rate: 1 second  
 ON Condition: Less than 0.7 V  
 OFF Condition: Open  
 Output State Following Timeout: De-energized (OFF)

### Switch Power Outputs

Analog configuration: one (SP1)  
 Discrete configuration: two (SP1 and SP2)  
 Host configuration: up to four

### Thermistor Input

Model: Omega's 44006 or 44031 family of 10 kOhm thermistors  
 Sample Rate: 1 second  
 Report Rate: 16 seconds  
 Accuracy: 0.4 °C (10 °C to 50 °C); Up to 0.8 °C (-40 °C to 85 °C)

### Certifications for DX8x...C (External Wiring Terminal) and DX8x...E Models



CSA: Class I Division 2 Groups ABCD, Class I Zone 2 AEx/Ex nA II T4 – Certificate: 1921239



ATEX: II 3 G Ex nA IIC T4 Gc (Group IIC Zone 2) – Certificate LCIE 10 ATEX 1012 X

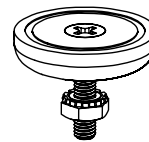
Refer to the Class I Division 2/Zone 2 control drawings (p/n 143086) for wiring specifications and limitations. Install the device in a suitable enclosure with provision for connection of Division 2 / Zone 2 wiring methods in accordance with local codes, as acceptable to the local inspection authority having jurisdiction. All battery-powered devices must only use the lithium battery manufactured by Xeno, model XL-205F (Banner model number **BWA-BATT-001**).

## Accessories

### Mounting Brackets

#### BWA-BK-020

- Includes two 80-lb pull rare-earth magnet mounts and two #10-32 × 1 inch screw mounts
- Used on multiple mounting brackets
- 31.75 mm (1.25 inch) diameter

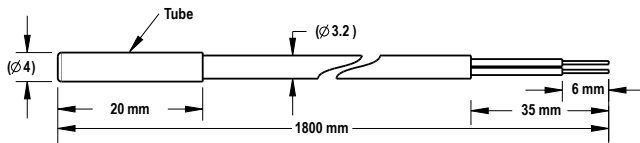


### Thermistor Probes

#### BWA-THERMISTOR-PROBE-003

- Temperature sensor with thermistor **PS103G2**
- Beta Value(K) 0–50°C: 3575
- Base thermistor accuracy of 0.2%
- Operating Temperature Range: -20 °C to +105 °C (-4 °F to +221 °F)
- Maximum Power Rating: 30 mW at 25 °C; derated to 1 mW at 125 °C
- Dissipation Constant: 1 mW/°C
- 316 stainless steel finish; PVC insulation

<sup>3</sup> For European applications, power this device from a Limited Power Source as defined in EN 60950-1.



### Included with the DX80 and DX80...C Models

- **BWA-HW-002:** DX80 Access Hardware Kit, containing four PG-7 plastic threaded plugs, four PG-7 nylon gland fittings, four PG-7 hex nuts, one 1/2-inch NPT plug, and one 1/2-inch nylon gland fitting. (Not included with IP20 DX80...C models)
- **BWA-HW-001:** Mounting Hardware Kit, containing four M5-0.8 × 25mm SS screws, four M5-0.8 × 16 mm SS screws, four M5-0.8 mm SS hex nuts, and four #8-32 × 3/4" SS bolts
- **BWA-HW-003:** PTFE tape
- **BWA-902-C (900 MHz) or BWA-202-C (2.4 GHz):** Antenna, 2 dBd Omni, Rubber Swivel RP-SMA Male (not included with internal antenna models)
- **MQDC1-506:** 5-pin M12 (single ended) straight cordset, 2 m (not included with FlexPower devices)
- **BWA-HW-011:** IP20 Screw Terminal Headers (2 pack) (included only with the IP20 DX80...C models)
- Product datasheet and product family Quick Start Guide ([128185](#) for Performance models or [152653](#) for MultiHop models)

### Included with the DX80..E Models

- Mounting hardware kit
- BWA-HW-003: PTFE tape
- BWA-902-C (900 MHz) or BWA-202-C (2.4 GHz): Antenna, 2 dBd Omni, Rubber Swivel RP-SMA Male. (Not included with Internal antenna models)
- BWA-BATT-001: Replacement battery, 3.6 Volt, "D" Lithium Cell
- BWA-HW-032: Access Hardware for "E" Housing (One each of 1/2-inch plug, 1/2-inch gland)
- Product datasheet and product family Quick Start Guide ([128185](#) for DX80 Gateways or [152653](#) for MultiHop models)

### Warnings

**Install and properly ground a qualified surge suppressor when installing a remote antenna system.** Remote antenna configurations installed without surge suppressors invalidate the manufacturer's warranty. Keep the ground wire as short as possible and make all ground connections to a single-point ground system to ensure no ground loops are created. No surge suppressor can absorb all lightning strikes; do not touch the Sure Cross® device or any equipment connected to the Sure Cross device during a thunderstorm.

**Exporting Sure Cross® Radios.** It is our intent to fully comply with all national and regional regulations regarding radio frequency emissions. **Customers who want to re-export this product to a country other than that to which it was sold must ensure the device is approved in the destination country.** The Sure Cross wireless products were certified for use in these countries using the antenna that ships with the product. When using other antennas, verify you are not exceeding the transmit power levels allowed by local governing agencies. This device has been designed to operate with the antennas listed on Banner Engineering's website and having a maximum gain of 9 dBm. Antennas not included in this list or having a gain greater than 9 dBm are strictly prohibited for use with this device. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen such that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) is not more than that permitted for successful communication. Consult with Banner Engineering Corp. if the destination country is not on this list.



**Important:** Please download the complete Performance Gateway or Node technical documentation, available in multiple languages, from [www.bannerengineering.com](http://www.bannerengineering.com) for details on the proper use, applications, Warnings, and installation instructions of this device.



**Important:** Por favor descargue desde [www.bannerengineering.com](http://www.bannerengineering.com) toda la documentación técnica de los Performance Gateway or Node, disponibles en múltiples idiomas, para detalles del uso adecuado, aplicaciones, advertencias, y las instrucciones de instalación de estos dispositivos.



**Important:** Veuillez télécharger la documentation technique complète des Performance Gateway or Node sur notre site [www.bannerengineering.com](http://www.bannerengineering.com) pour les détails sur leur utilisation correcte, les applications, les notes de sécurité et les instructions de montage.



#### WARNING:

- **Do not use this device for personnel protection**
- Using this device for personnel protection could result in serious injury or death.
- This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A device failure or malfunction can cause either an energized (on) or de-energized (off) output condition.



#### Important:

- **Never operate a 1 Watt radio without connecting an antenna**
- Operating 1 Watt radios without an antenna connected will damage the radio circuitry.
- To avoid damaging the radio circuitry, never apply power to a Sure Cross® Performance or Sure Cross MultiHop (1 Watt) radio without an antenna connected.



#### Important:

- **Electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive device**
- ESD can damage the device. Damage from inappropriate handling is not covered by warranty.
- Use proper handling procedures to prevent ESD damage. Proper handling procedures include leaving devices in their anti-static packaging until ready for use; wearing anti-static wrist straps; and assembling units on a grounded, static-dissipative surface.

## Banner Engineering Corp. Limited Warranty

Banner Engineering Corp. warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship for one year following the date of shipment. Banner Engineering Corp. will repair or replace, free of charge, any product of its manufacture which, at the time it is returned to the factory, is found to have been defective during the warranty period. This warranty does not cover damage or liability for misuse, abuse, or the improper application or installation of the Banner product.

**THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE), AND WHETHER ARISING UNDER COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, COURSE OF DEALING OR TRADE USAGE.**

This Warranty is exclusive and limited to repair or, at the discretion of Banner Engineering Corp., replacement. **IN NO EVENT SHALL BANNER ENGINEERING CORP. BE LIABLE TO BUYER OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FOR ANY EXTRA COSTS, EXPENSES, LOSSES, LOSS OF PROFITS, OR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY PRODUCT DEFECT OR FROM THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THE PRODUCT, WHETHER ARISING IN CONTRACT OR WARRANTY, STATUTE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY, NEGLIGENCE, OR OTHERWISE.**

Banner Engineering Corp. reserves the right to change, modify or improve the design of the product without assuming any obligations or liabilities relating to any product previously manufactured by Banner Engineering Corp. Any misuse, abuse, or improper application or installation of this product or use of the product for personal protection applications when the product is identified as not intended for such purposes will void the product warranty. Any modifications to this product without prior express approval by Banner Engineering Corp will void the product warranties. All specifications published in this document are subject to change; Banner reserves the right to modify product specifications or update documentation at any time. Specifications and product information in English supersede that which is provided in any other language. For the most recent version of any documentation, refer to: [www.bannerengineering.com](http://www.bannerengineering.com).

For patent information, see [www.bannerengineering.com/patents](http://www.bannerengineering.com/patents).

## Notas Adicionales

Información México: La operación de este equipo está sujeta a las siguientes dos condiciones: 1) es posible que este equipo o dispositivo no cause interferencia perjudicial y 2) este equipo debe aceptar cualquier interferencia, incluyendo la que pueda causar su operación no deseada.

Banner es una marca registrada de Banner Engineering Corp. y podrán ser utilizadas de manera indistinta para referirse al fabricante. "Este equipo ha sido diseñado para operar con las antenas tipo Omnidireccional para una ganancia máxima de antena de 6 dBd y Yagi para una ganancia máxima de antena 10 dBd que en seguida se enlistan. También se incluyen aquellas con aprobación ATEX tipo Omnidireccional siempre que no excedan una ganancia máxima de antena de 6dBd. El uso con este equipo de antenas no incluidas en esta lista o que tengan una ganancia mayor que 6 dBd en tipo omnidireccional y 10 dBd en tipo Yagi, quedan prohibidas. La impedancia requerida de la antena es de 50 ohms."

Antenas SMA	Modelo	Antenas Tipo-N	Modelo
Antena, Omni 902-928 MHz, 2 dBd, junta de caucho, RP-SMA Macho	<b>BWA-902-C</b>	Antena, Omni 902-928 MHz, 6 dBd, fibra de vidrio, 1800mm, N Hembra	<b>BWA-906-A</b>
Antena, Omni 902-928 MHz, 5 dBd, junta de caucho, RP-SMA Macho	<b>BWA-905-C</b>	Antena, Yagi, 900 MHz, 10 dBd, N Hembra	<b>BWA-9Y10-A</b>

## Mexican Importer

Banner Engineering de México, S. de R.L. de C.V.  
David Alfaro Siqueiros 103 Piso 2 Valle oriente  
San Pedro Garza García Nuevo León, C. P. 66269

81 8363.2714

## ANATEL

Modelo (Model): DX80-2400—Este equipamento não tem direito à proteção contra interferência prejudicial e não pode causar interferência em sistemas devidamente autorizados. Para maiores informações, consulte o site da ANATEL [www.gov.br/anatel/pt-br/](http://www.gov.br/anatel/pt-br/)

